### THE PARIS EXPOSITION.

SOME INTERESTING THINGS ABOUT IT

POINTED OUT BY M. H. DE YOUNG. M. H. De Young, Editor of "The San Francisco Chronicle" and one of the best-known Republicans on the Pacific Slope, returned from Europe Saturday, and is at the Waldorf. Mr. De Young has been sojourning in Europe since last June. He has been with Moses P. Handy, United States commissioner to the Paris Exposition of 1900, a great deal, and has given Mr. Handy much help and advice about his world. Mr. De Young was an American representative at the Paris Exposition of 1800, and the first part of 1800. The first part of 1800 is a manner that is directed against Americans, According to the new regulations, transatlantic applicants, no matter what the diplomas which they bring with a manner that is directed against Americans, According to the new regulations, transatlantic applicants, no matter what the diplomas which they bring with a first part of 1800. The proposition of 1800 is directed against Americans, According to the new regulations, transatlantic applicants, no matter what the diplomas which they bring with the first part of 1800 is directed against Americans, According to the new regulations, transatlantic applicants, no matter what the diplomas which they bring with the privileges of students of the university. Ambassador White has been appealed to submit to a preliminary examination before being admitted to the privileges of students of the new regulations, transatlantic applicants, no matter what the diplomas which they bring with the applicants. The province of the new regulations, transatlantic applicants, no matter what the diplomas which they bring with the privileges of students of the new regulations, transatlantic applicants, no matter what the diplomas which they bring with the privileges of students of the new regulations, transatlantic applicants, no matter what the diplomas which they bring with the privileges of students of the new regulations, transatlantic applicants, no matter what the diplomas which they bring with the privileges of students of the new regulations, transatlantic applicants, no matter what the diplomas which they br Chronicle" and one of the best-known Republicans

Mr. De Young is much interested in the coming exposition, and said yesterday: "When Major Handy left here he had an impression that he was ed that much. He has moderated his view

In the first place, there will be fifty-five governments represented at that exposition. Twentytwo have accepted already. Of all who exhibited at the exposition of 1889, not one has fatled to apply this time, and all for from four to ten times as much space as they had before. When Major Handy went there he made application for his space and got 33,000 square feet. He protested and refused to accept that amount. Then it was doubled, ite protested again, and now he has got it up to about one hundred and forty thousand square feet, and is still pressing for more. Gramany has put in a plea for an immense amount of space. The French are anxious to give Germany all the space it wants, for the reason that there ny stories about strained diplomatic relawhile anxious to be polite and conciliatory lipsed at the exposition, and know that the lines in which the latter excels.

and ground on the other side of the Seine added. The people of Paris hold a tight ment-that is, the city and the Government enabled to run things. It is the inter These are to be permanent, and in I do not think it will be a success, because

done. We want all the good pictures are the can get. We ought to encourage our rich people to get them and bring them here. As for that \$100 clause, relating to bagsage, that is bad; it seems ridiculous and uncalled-for to me.

### THE BANDA ROSSA.

The excellent Red Band of San Severo gave another interesting disclosure of its admirable qualities last evening at the Metropolitan Opera House, e consisted chiefly of a series cerpts from Italian operas, the kind of music usually associated with the playing of brass bands being conspicuous by its absence. These operation selections are evidently the things that the band gives with the most zest. They are arranged with an altogether uncommon skill and understanding of the effects that are at the disposal of such an organization, and that are be made to tell to their utmost by its splendid precision and unanimity in seizing the salient points desired by the conductor. reizing the salient points desired by the conductor. The little Carlotta Stubenrauch again snowed herself to be a young person of talent, but extremely immature, and not arrived at a stage in her artistic development that authorizes her to play publicly. She is well grounded in the technical part of her art, and when she has more physical strength and a deeper understanding she may prove herself an artist descript serving serious consideration. Fraulein Von Vahsel sang several songs in a manner pleasing, especially on account of her excellent enunciation; but her selections were not quite the proper ones for a room of the magnitude of the auditorium of the opera house, and doubtless Fraulein Von Vahsel would gain greater success in a hall of smaller dimensions.

## THE TRIBUNE'S GOOD WORK.

From The Salem Gazette. The New-York Tribune is doing good service in the cause of anti-bossism and good government in that city.

## THE MAYORALTY SITUATION.

LOW'S REPUBLICANISM UNQUESTIONED.

From Leslie's Weekly. From Leslie's Weekly.

We believe that Mr. Low, who is in National politics as good a Republican as General Tracy, and who wan as bitterly opposed to the silver fanatics as any man in the country, stands for what is right in this campaign; and we believe that the influence of his success would be of vast benefit in the other cities of the country, for in all of them the local bosses work their haneful pleasure to the injury of the people and the degradation of the public service.

## A STALKING-HORSE FOR PLATT.

From The Chicago Times-Herald.

The Tracy candidacy fell with a dull thud upon the people of New-York Behind his eminent respectability the people saw the handiwork of the bosses, who put him forth as a stalking-horse to crowd Mr. Low off the track.

SUFFERING FOR AN HONEST CAUSE.

From The Chicago Record. Seth Low is now suffering the exceptations properly due to a man who gets up in New-York and advocates the cause of honest, non-partisan government.

## THE WAYS OF PLATT.

From The Salem Gazetie.

Under the management of Mr. Platt's State Committee a fraudulent attempt has been made to place the name of Charles Frederic Adams on the official bailot under the head, "United Democratic Official bailot under the head, "United Democratic Official bailot under the head, "United Democratic Objects of the management of Mr. Platt's Estie," Under the management of Mr. Platt's Estie, "Under the management of the official hablot. Twelve clerks have been set at work copying the names of the Low neithloners, and the committee will attempt to convince the Police Commismittee vill attempt to convince the Police Commismittee vill attempt to convince the Police Commismittee will attempt to convince the Police Commismittee vill attempt to convince the vill attempt to convince the vill attempt to vill attempt to vill attem

## AN HONEST MAN IN BAD COMPANY.

From The Boston Herald. Seth Low fights fair. He rebuked a Brooklyn audience the other night for jeering the name of General Tracy. He said General Tracy is honest, but if he should give Greater New-York honest government he would have to antagonize those who named him for Mayor. That's the point.

WHY REPUBLICANS SHOULD SUPPORT LOW

If the idea of the Republicans of New-York was to help the National party, they should by all means have indorsed Low. By so doing they would have made sure the defeat and overthrow of Tammany, and would have been given credit for that outcome. As it is, Platt and his associates are increasing greatly the chances of Tammany's success. In fact, there can be no doubt that Platt would prefer the triumph of Tammany to the election of a man like Low, who stands for honest government, not because Low's election would hart the Republican party, but golely because it would weaken Platt's power. From The Chicago Record.

### ROUND ABOUT EUROPE.

in Prussia, but also GERMANY.-Not only in all other German States, have the universities modified the conditions for the ad-mission of medical students in a manner Sun," died at 1:20 o'clock yesterday afternoon

HUNGARY ABOLISHES PUBLIC LOTTERIES. Last week witnessed the abolition in Hungary of those public and private lotteries which for night unto three hundred years have been the curse of the Eastern half of the Dual Empire, as of so many other countries of the Old World, carrying riot, murder and ruin in its train. England did last long. Yesterday morning it was seen the end was only a few hours off, and his attendants have accepted already. Of all who exhibited away with the system in 1826, France following end was only a few hours off, and his attendants

> been generally believed until now that the bar-barous practice of flogging had been abolished as a method of punishment in the English Army and Navy, and that the cat-o'-nine-tails was altogether an obsolete institution. That this idea is without foundation is shown by the report of the terrible flogging to which a semman was subjected last month on board the British man-of-war Penelope by order of her captain. The cruiser in question is stationed at Cape Town, and news of the flogging has just been received in London Moreover, recent official returns go to show that in the military prisons of the United Kingdom there are an average of at least two floggings a week throughout the entire year. Russia, which has an infinitely greater reputation for barbarity than England, has recently not only prohibited flogging by the Government and provincial authorities as a means of punishment, but has also deprived the village elders and the leaders of the peasant communities from inflicting corporal punishment upon refractory fellow-members. an obsolete institution. That this idea is without

Nicholas, in spite of the many tokens of goodwill and there he was sent to a country and tolerance which he has manifested toward the lows since his accession to the throne, has just at Guildhall, Vt. In 1831, at the age of twelve. tiing in Siberia. The ground which he takes for and weaknesses of the Russian peasant in a particularly cruel manner, and that inasmuch as since the deportation of criminals to Siberia has ceased, the Crown is endeavoring to people and develop its great Asiatic dependency by means of Statesassisted emigration, and the Caar does not wish this aid on the part of the Government to be nullified and its effect destroyed by Jewish moneylenders and dramsellers. It is added that scarcely a week passes without the Ministry of the Interior at St. Petersburg receiving complaints concerning the Hebrew contractors engaged in the construction of the trans-Siberian railroad, both with regard to work badly done and laborers defrauded of their just wages. this is that the Jew exploits the numerous vices in his store. His uncle falled in 1837, and he was

incing the starting machine which for some years has been employed on the Australian turf. The apparatus consists of lengths of webbing, stretched across the course and attached to poles on either side. As soon as the horses take up their position a lever is pulled, the welbing shoots up and leaves the course clear for the horses to jump away. With the machine a false start is impossible. It was tried for the first time at Newmarket the other day in the welter handicap race in the presence of the Prince of Wales, Lord Rosebery, Lord Durham and others, and, although some of the horses evinced a disinclination to face the webbing, yet there is every reason to believe that they will soon grow accustomed to it, and that the machine will become just as popular in England as it is in Australia, where no racing man would dream of doing without it.

The weakness of his eyes was a reason for his leaving college at the end of his sophomore year and joining the Brook Farm community at Roving College at the end of his sophomore year and joining the Brook Farm community at Roving College at the end of his sophomore year and joining the Brook Farm community at Roving College at the end of his sophomore year and joining the Brook Farm community at Roving College at the end of his sophomore year and joining the Brook Farm community at Roving College at the end of his sophomore year and joining the Brook Farm community at Roving College at the end of his sophomore year and joining the Brook Farm community at Roving College at the end of his sophomore year and joining the Brook Farm community at Roving College at the end of his sophomore year and joining the Brook Farm community at Roving College at the end of his sophomore year and joining the Brook Farm community at Roving College at the end of his eyes was a reason to leaving College at the end of his caving college at the end o

IS THIS KING SOLOMON'S TREASURE to HOUSE?-It turns out that what has hitherto been regarded as the wildest suggestion contained in Rider Haggard's novel, "King Solomon's Mines," namely, the existence in Kukuanaland of a mighty treasure cave, the entrance of which was protected treasure cave, the entrance of which was protected by a falling stone, contains a very distinct element of truth. The well-known explorers Neale and Johnson, who have been exploring the ruins of Zimbabye, have discovered the existence of a great building, closed with massive stone doors never yet opened. They have been obliged to return to obtain supplies of water and explosives, and are once more on their way to the supposed treasure-house. It is hardly probable that a building constructed by adventurous miners of thousands of years ago would be so protected unless it were a storehouse for some kind of treasure. Within the next few weeks the secrets will be revealed.

ROGUS ANTIQUES MADE BY PRISON LABOR The royal British antiquarian and archeological and an societies have lodged a petition with Lord Salisbury payment. protesting against the peculiar form of prison labor in Egypt since the Khedive's penitentiaries

## MUSICAL NOTES.

A Sons in Chickering Hell. Anton Seidl, director, Mendelssohn's G minor concerto with orchestra will be played by Richard Hoffman, Mr. Hoffman played the same concerto at the sixth season of the Philharmonic Society of New-York, ilfity years ago. At later concerts in this series, Franz Rummel and Xaver Scharwenka will play.

The Seidl Society will open its season at the Brooklyn Academy of Music on November 5, with Mr. Seidl and his orchestra. Mmc. Hastfelter, the distinguished contraits, will sing, and Sieveking, the Dutch pianist, will play. The dates of the other concerts are December 9, January 6, February 11, March 2 and April 1. & Sons in Chickering Hall, Anton Seidl, director,

C. M. Loeffler, well known as a composer of decided merit, and also for many years a prominent member of the Boston Symphony Orchestra, has hemoer trecently finished a musical work destined to en-hance his alread; brilliant reputation. This new hance his afread, bright poem for orchestra and two violes d'amou; obbligate, entitled "The Death of Thinaglies," after M. Maeterlinek's drama, "La Mori de Thinaglies," Mr. Paur, enductor of the orchestra, is exceedingly interested in this work, and promises its production at one of the symphony concerts of the present season.

## THE WEATHER REPORT.

THE STORM THREATENS THE GULF COAST. Washington, Oct. 17.—The batometer has risen on the Atlantic Coast and in the lake regions and has falsen west of the Mississippi. The tropical storm continues in the Gulf and now threatens the central Gulf coast. An the Gulf and now threatens the central Gulf coast. An area of high pressure extends from the Rocky Mountain districts earward to the New Lingland count, the harometer being highest over Lake Huron. It is much cooler in the Northern States east of the Mississippi, Showers are reported from the South Atlantic and East Gulf States and from Tesas northward to Dakota. The weather is dear to-night from the Gulf States northward to the lake regions and New England. For weather will probably continue Menday in the Northern States east of the Misdesippi. Chandiness will increase in the Southern States.

For New England, fair; continued cool northerly winds, For Eastern New-York, Eastern Pennsylvania, New-Jersey and Delaware, fair Monday; cool northeasterly

Western New York, Western Pennsylvania a Monday fair; slowly rising temperature; light custerly winds.

TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.



In this diagram a continuous white line shows the ranges in pressure as indicated by The Tribune's self-recording, barometer. The dotted lines show the temperature as recorded at Perry's Pharmacy.

Tribune Office, Oct. 18, 1 a. m.—The weather yesterday was fair and cool. The temperature ranged between 45 and 74 degrees, the average 66% degrees being 18% degrees lower than on Saturday and 2% degrees higher than on the corresponding day of last year.

Fair, cool weather will probably continue to-day.

OBSTACLES TO AMERICAN STUDENTS IN THE EDITOR OF "THE SUN" PASSES AWAY

CHARLES A. DANA DEAD.

THE EDITOR OF "THE SUN" PASSES AWAY AT HIS LONG ISLAND HOME.

Charles A. Dana. Editor of "The New-York Sun." died at 1:20 o'clock yesterday afternoon at his home near Glen Cove. Long Island. His death had been expected for several hours, and his family and physicians were at his bedside when the end came. Mr. Dana had suffered for his family and physicians were at his bedside when the end came. Mr. Dana had suffered for a long time from stomach and kidney trouble and complications, and his condition had been such for several months that the members of his family kept themselves in constant readiness to go to his bedside at any moment. Saturday morning he had another relapse, and it was apparent the end could not be far off. Several morning he had another relapse, and it was apparent the end could not be far off. Several times on Saturday the patjent appeared to rally.

In the EDITOR OF "THE SUN" PASSES AWAY AT HIS LONG ISLAND HOME.

Charles A. Dana. Editor of "The New-York Sun." died at 1:20 o'clock yesterday afternoon at his home near Glen Cove. Long Island. His death had been expected for several a for the Presidential election, and in the campaign of 1881 he supported Benjamin F Butler, who Tan Hore since been gathered into the Populls: and Labor parties. When, however, in 1882 hat the visione been gathered into the Populls: and Labor parties. When, however, in 1884 he made a strong first against L. Siont Fassett, and contributed materially to the election of Governor Flower, using as his principal work of the University has been fully adjusted to its new surroundings on Morningside Heights.

"We feel," said Professor Butler, "that we shall be able within a few months to offer ambitious for story of the party so far as to make a platform of his own, that of "No Nexro Domination," and opposed President Harrison without glving adherence either to Mr. Cleveland personally or to his low: a far that the profession when the work of the University has been fully adjusted to its new particulat remained almost constantly at the bedside. The

end came peacefully. The extreme heat of Saturday and Friday had considerable to do with hastening the end. On Friday Mr. Dana showed signs of distress, and everything possible was done to relieve him. He had been weakened by his long illness, and during the summer was several times thought to be on the verge of a fatal collapse,

FLOGGING IN THE BRITISH NAVY. It has the sinking spells became more frequent.

young Dana went to live with an uncle who was a drygoods increhant in Buffalo, and became a clerk

an insurance upon his life and receiving payment English Jockey Clab has aroused great interest throughout the racing world of Europe by introducing the starting world of Europe by intro-

to better his condition, and obtained employment of Horace Greeley as city editor of The Tribune at a solary of 10 a week. In the autumn his salary was raised to 11 a week. Before this he had been married to Miss Eunice MacDaniel, a young woman of this city above the control of the city above the city abo

New American Cyclopaedia," the original edition of which was finished in 1962. He also edited the

was able after the brain fever into which that dis-aster threw him, he repudlated the utterance, an MUSICAL NOTES.

At the cancert on the afternoon of November, in the series to be given by Messrs, Chickering Sons in Chickering Hall, Anton Seidl, director, and the series to be given by Messrs, Chickering Sons in Chickering Hall, Anton Seidl, director, and the series to be given by Messrs, Chickering Hall, Anton Seidl, director, and the series to be given by Messrs, Chickering Hall, Anton Seidl, director, and the series to be given by Messrs, Chickering Hall, Anton Seidl, director, and the series to be given by Messrs, Chickering Hall, Anton Seidl, director, and the series to be given by Messrs, Chickering Hall, Anton Seidl, director, and the series to be given by Messrs, Chickering Hall, Anton Seidl, director, and the series to be given by Messrs, Chickering Hall, Anton Seidl, director, and the series to be given by Messrs, Chickering Hall, Anton Seidl, director, and the series to be given by Messrs, Chickering Hall, Anton Seidl, director, and the series to be given by Messrs, Chickering Hall, Anton Seidl, director, and the series to be given by Messrs, Chickering Hall, Anton Seidl, director, and the series to be given by Messrs, Chickering Hall, Anton Seidl, director, and the series to be given by Messrs, Chickering Hall, Anton Seidl, director, and the series to be given by Messrs, Chickering Hall, Anton Seidl, director, and the series to be given by Messrs, Chickering Hall, Anton Seidl, director, and the series to be given by Messrs, and the series Mr. Greeley soon after called a meeting and re-quested that the resolution be rescinded, on the ground that Mr. Dana was working against the interests of The Tribune and revealing its secret plain and he wrote a letter, saying that he regarded the salary-continuing resolution as a con-tract which they could not repudiate. For a long or to those who came after him on The Tribune hey Howard Gay, found it necessary when he wished to obtain information at the War Department, while Mr. Dana was employed there, to seek it through the medium of some friend connected with another newspaper. John Russell Young, who nucceeded Mr. Gay, was the object of many attacks by Mr. Dana.

## OFFICIAL LIFE.

After leaving The Tribune, in 1862, Mr. Dana next sought employment from the Secretary of War, and was first sent to Cairo, Ell., to investigate the quartermaster's accounts. He was subsequently made one of the Assistant Secretaries of War, and in this capacity was ordered to Chattanoogs and other points in the interest of the Department. In the discharge of the duties of observation and se-

Rosecrans.

Before the end of the war he had been actively engaged in efforts to organize a newstaper in Chicago, and in 1855 he went there to assume the editorship of "The Chicago Republican." It soon became involved in financial difficulties, and, foreseeing its downfall, he wrote from Chicago to President Johnson, soliciting from him the appointment of Collector of the Port of New-York.

The application did not receive a favorable answer. Some time afterward Mr. Dama found occasion to criticise Mr. Johnson savagely in his paper, and thereupon the President gave out, for publication, his letter applying for office.

The failure of "The Republican" involved Mr. Dana in a cloud of litigation, Making his escape from this, he returned to New-York, and set about raising subscriptions among capitalists and his old friends for the purchase of "The New-York Sun." a stendy-going, profitable, cheap paper, which had been started many years before by Moses Y. Beach. It was a long and difficult task to raise the capital, but most of those who invested held on long enough to find the speculation profitable. Mr. Dana took possession of "The New-York Sun" in 1883, and continued in its control until his death. He was thought, however, an aspirant still for the Collectorship of the Port of New-York, Finally General Grant, whom he had written a hishly eulogistic campsign iffer nominated him for the Appraisership of the Port, Mr. Dana declined this nomination, and before long became one of General Grant's severest critics.

# AS EDITOR OF "THE SUN."

Mr. Dana, in spite of his Republican ante-cedents, made "The Sun" a Democratic paper and the most influential advocate of Tammany. He proposed and carried on a movement for a statue to William M. Tweed in 1871, and after Tweed refused to permit its erection he advocated the building of a charitable institution, to be named

of Thomas C. Platt, whom he bitterly assaled.
Mr. Dana opposed the nomination of Mr. Cleveland in 1892, but after he was made the candidate stood by the party so far as to make a platform of his own, that of "No Negro Domination," and opposed President Harrison without giving adherence either to Mr. Cleveland personally or to his low-tariff theory.

It was not until 1895 that Mr. Dana finally came back to support a Republican ticket. While still maintaining his position as a Democrat, he had joined Thomas C. Platt in his efforts to prevent the nomination of Mr. McKinley. The action of the Chicago Convention, however, in declaring for free silver raised such apprehension on the part of business interests which Mr. Dana was bound to consider that he utterly repudiated Bryan and advocated the election of McKinley. Since that time "The Sun" has been identified with Senator Platt in his control of the Republican organization in this State.

Mr. Dana's private office was a small corner room on the third flor of "The Sun" building, and many persons who saw him in his office were surorised at the bareness of the room and its comfortthought to be on the verge of a fatal collapse, but each time railied. He did not improve much with the coming of cold weather, and the sinking spells became more frequent.

On Friday he asked to be carried through his house, so he might see it once more. His wish was gratified. The same day his stomach refused to retain anything except the lightest of nourishment.

Paul Dana and his sisters, Mrs. Draper, Mrs. Underhill and Mrs. Brannan, were all at the house on Saturday morning, and were warned to remain there. They were at the bedside when death came.

The funeral will be held on Wednesday morning at 11:15 o'clock, at the Glen Cove house.

when death came.

The funeral will be held on Wednesday morning at 11:15 o'clock, at the Glen Cove house.

SKETCH OF MR. DANA'S CAREER.

Charles Anderson Dana was born in Hinsdale, N. H., on August 8, 1819, of remote Huguenot ancestry. His parents removed from Hinsdale in a country of the parents removed from Hinsdale in Management and the sum of the country was made to take Mr. Dana to Washington for tisal in a suit for criminal libel begun by F. B. Noyes, of Washington, The attempt caused a storm of newspaper cliffcism, but the decision of the courts was made to the country was made to take Mr. Dana to Washington for tisal in a suit for criminal libel begun by F. B. Noyes, of Washington, The attempt caused a storm of newspaper cliffcism, but the decision of the courts was made to the country was made to take Mr. Dana to Washington for tisal in a suit for criminal libel begun by F. B. Noyes, of Washington, The attempt caused a storm of newspaper cliffcism, but the decision of the courts was made to take Mr. Dana to Washington for tisal in a suit for criminal libel begun by F. B. Noyes, of Washington, The attempt caused a storm of newspaper cliffcism, and an effort was made to take Mr. Dana to Washington for tisal in a suit for criminal libel begun by F. B. Noyes, of Washington, The attempt caused a storm of newspaper cliffcism, and an effort was made to take Mr. Dana to Washington for tisal in a suit for criminal libel begun by F. B. Noyes, of Washington, The attempt caused a storm of the washington for the suit of the suit of

ng de in Nev-Vork when "The Sim" withdrew anolegiz si for the libei.

Dena made a vilp to some foreign country is every summer for many years, and in the ner of 189s he was in Russin. He intended to to Wales last summer, but his libess preside him from leaving tois country. Mr. Dana travelled considerably in the United States, and casionally delivered a lecture before the study of some institution of learning, or made a new a number of learning, or made as a last a public dinner. Mr. Dana's city home of Madison-ave, and Sixtieth-st, and his summander of Dosoris on teland of about fifty in Long Island Sound, close to the Long Island Sound, close to the Long Island often came from Dosoris to the team of the page of the page of the was a passenger on the Dana offen camorning, and feture stramboat in the morning, and feture stramboat. He was a passenger on the Scawanhaide, which caught fire on her se East River on the afternoon of June of he had a narrow escape from death stremboat was burned to the water's a Sunken Mendows. Many of the other either perished in the flames or were either perished in the flames or were

a good example there of every tree part of the world that would grow tale. His knowledge of trees and extensive and minute. His greatest re in collections of porcelain in town of plants in the country.

The Farm Layer a widow, one son and three gisters and several grandchildren. The son, it ham, has been associated with his father in oditorial management of "The San" for a numeric verse. The doughters are Ruin, the wife of W. H. Drater Eunice, the wife of Pr. J. W. Syan, and Mrs. Zas Underhill, a widow, all ity-in New-York.

### EX-SENATOR A. S. PADDOCK. Omaha, Neb., Oct. 17 - A dispatch to "The Bee"

I seems at the Publick Hotel here at 1 o'clock this

the West, going to Omaha, in what was the this city, whose parents lived in Walker-st. At the time of the French Revolution of 1848 Mr. Dana went to Europe and wrote letters to The Tribune and other newspapers, returning before the close of that year. In the following year he became the managing editor of The Tribune, and his salary was at first \$29 a week.

At this time he was in sympathy with theoretical socialism, as he had been with the practical application of it at Brook Farm, and in 185 he published. "Proudhon and His 'Bank of the People,' a defence of the Frenchman's mutual banking scheme.

### WILLIAM LUDLAM SKIDMORE William Lardam Skidmore, who had for man

tember 25, 1822, on a farm in the township of Foster's Meadow, near Jamaica, Long Island, and was the second son of Jeremina and Jadith Ladiam Skidmore. When he was still a child the family moved to this city, making their home in Orchardst, in the Tenth Ward. The hoy attended the public schools, and when thirteen years old occame a cierk in the office of the firm of Lang & Randolph, coal-decires. Later his father became a member of the arm, the title of which was changed to Randolph & Skidmore. Schwequently the sons, Joseph B. and William I. Skidmore, became associates in business with their father, the firm name becoming Jeremiah Skidmore & Sons, and on the death of the senior partner, on November 28, 187, his sons succeeded to the management of the business which has since then been carried on under the style of Jeremian Skidmore's Sons, Joseph R. Skidmore was the head of the firm the offices of which are at No. 3 Broad-St. Mr. Skidmore on June Is, 186, married Charlotte, daughter of Dr. Alfred Freeman, of this city. By her he had two sons, Alfred Freeman and Jeremiah, hoth of whom died in early manhood; and Mrs. Skidmore died on November 14 of last year. In 184 Mr. and Mrs. Skidmore united with the old Rutgers Street Presbyterian Church, from which they subsequently look their letters to the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, from which they was elected a descen of the latter church in 1862, and an elder in 1869, and was also far many years reasurer of the session. His town house was at reasurer of the session. His town house was at reasurer of the session. His town house was at reasurer of the session. His town house was at reasurer of the session. His town house was at reasurer of the session. His town house was at reasurer of the session. His town house was at reasurer of the session. His town house was at pressurer of the session. His town house was at pressurer of the session his town house was at the St. Nicholas Chib and the American Georgraphical Society. The functal will be held to-morrow morning at tember 25, 1822, on a farm in the township of Fos-er's Mendow, near Jamaica, Long Island, and was

THE REV. DR. WILLIAM J. WISEMAN. The Rev. Dr. William 2. Wiseman, pastor of the Newark, died yesterday at his home, No 27 Esth Newark, died yesterday at his home. No 27 Estherst., in that city. He was acknowledged to be the most learned priest in the Catholic Diocese of Newark, and he had a high reputation outside the diocese for his erudition. Dr. Wiseman was taken ill with a cold a week ago, and it developed into pneumonia. He had been advised to relinquish his pastoral duties and rest, but declined, and kept at his work until he was prostrated.

Late Saturday night the dying priest was visited by Eishop Wigger, who administered the last rites of the church. Soon afterward Dr. Wiseman became unconscious, and did not recover his senses before death.

Wather Wiseman was connected with the Roman

hefore death.

Wather Wiseman was connected with the Roman Catholic Diocese of Newark for many years Seven years ago he undertook the task of forming a new parish out of the Rower portion of St. Aloysius Parish. He built a church and schoolhouse, and established a flourishing parish.

### DAVID F. PORTER. David F. Porter, president of the Hamilton Bank

died yesterday. He was in his fifty-third year. Mr. Hamilton was a dealer in real estate at No. 153 West One-hundred and twenty-fifth-st., and lived at No. 147 West Seventy-sevenih-st. He was a member of the Harlem Club.

# W. M. PRICHARD.

in his eighty-third year, and had been alling for some time, though he was not taken seriously ill until last Thursday. Mr. Prichard was a lawyer, and, though he had not been actively engaged in business of late years, retained an office at No. 70 Nassurest. He was a widower. For the last two years he had been living at No. 150 West Fifty-ninth-st, with his three sisters, one of whom. Mrs. Hoar, was with him at the time of his death. Mr. Prichard's death was due to congestion of the liver. He was a member of the Bar and Harvard clubs and of the American Geographical and New-England societies.

Professor Nicholas Murray Butler, of Columbia University, made an interesting statement yesterday as to the plans that are in contemplation for extending the opportunities for public school teachers and others to study their profession, when the work of the University has been fully adjusted to its new surroundings on Morningside Heights.

"We feel," said Professor Butler, "that we shall where the surrounding of the Morning of the New Testament in the General Theological Seminary, in the seventy-fourth year of his age.

We feel, said Professor Butler, "that we shall be able within a few months to offer ambitious teachers almost unequalled opportunities for study and investigation. Not only will our courses in education be increased in number and variety, but our greatly enlarged and improved psychological equipment is now fully available. Our co-operative alliance with the Teachers College, the faculty of alliance with the Teachers College, the faculty of 23d year.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

PALLDING—At Cold Spring, on-Hudson, October 15, 1807, in the 78th year of her age, Elisabeth Parsons, wife of P. Kemble Paulding, and daughter of the late 1 Green Parson.

Funeral on Tuesday, October 19, at the Church of St. Mary 8, in the Highlands, Cold Spring, on arrival of train leaving Grand Central Station 11:30 s. in.

Bottom and Paris papers please copy.

POOLE—On Friday, October 15, Mary A. Poole, in her 23d year. alliance with the Teachers Conege, the later of the addition of Professor James E. Russell from the University of Colorado, will now be much increased in effectiveness, because of our proximity to its buildings. The lectures on the Principles of Education of the Principles of Ed

University of Colorado, will now be much increased in effectiveness, because of our proximity to its buildings. The lectures on the 'Principles of Education' now being delivered by Dr. W. T. Harris, United States Commissioner of Education, are open to public school teachers, without charge, and many have availed themselves of the privilege of hearing this eminent educator. Saturday morning classes are in operation, and for the convenience of teachers the regular University lectures on the science of education are given at a late hour in the afternoon, Leading principals and teachers of New-York and Brooklyn have been and are enrolled in these courses.

"President Low has taken the liveliest and most sympathetic interest in every plan that has been suggested to make the work of the University more useful to the teachers in the public schools. Hundreds of these teachers are willing to give time and money, even when hearing the heavy burden of regular classroom work for the purpose of carrying on their studies, and in some cases of becoming candidates for the higher academic degrees. It is the declared policy of columbia and of President Low to help these teachers, and through them the schools in which they serve, in every possible way. "President Low has often declared bimself as emphatically opposed to any policy that would raise the college entrance requirements to a point where graduates of public high schools cannot meet them. Both in this respect and in that of helping in every possible way worthy students that are unable to pay for their education. Columbia's policy is democratic in the best sense of the word.

It has also been suggested that hereafter summer courses for teachers should be onened, in order to meet the needs of those who cannot arrange to pursue their studies while the public schools cannot in session. Plans for such courses are in serious contemplation, though it may not be possible to put them line effect as early as less. The ten thousand teachers of Greater New-York will be able hereafte

A RECEPTION IN HIS HONOR AT MANHATTAN COL-LEGE - ARCHRISHOP FLOOD ALSO

A reception was given yesterday afternoon by the faculty and students of Manhattan College, Boulevard and One-hundred-and-thirty-second-st., for Archbishop Cornelius O'Brien, of Halifax, Nova Scotia, who is at present on a visit to this city. The large half of the college had been decorated with flags and evergreens, and was crowded with students and visitors, the latter including a number of the New-York clargy.

The proceedings began with an address of welcollege, read by Mr. McGoldrick, of the senior class. Archbishop Flood, of Port of Spain Trinidad, was also present, and the we come to Archbishop O Brien was also extended to him. The following s a part of the address;

After the address the students contributed a protations. The college glee club was loudly ap-In the course of his reply to the address of wel

come, Archbishop O'Brien, who was introduced by Brother Justin, president of the college, thanked the students for their words of welcome, and conthe students for their words of welcome, and congratulated them on the algh standard shown in the musical selections and recitations they had contributed. Speaking of the reference to the material progress of the present age made in the address, he said that this progress in material things made it absolutely necessary that young men should be instructed in the true sciences of literature and history. Materialism, in its proper place, conduced to man's development and increased comfort, but it was a great mistake to suppose that merely utilitarian progress necessarily meant the greater civilization of mankind. A very little study of history would prove the faisity of that idea, it was necessary for them to oppose intellectual to material study, and to understand the principles of true philosophy, which were now-adays, even in works purporting to deal with philosophy, often overlooked entirely. A short time

should be Archishop Flood also sucke. Afterward the guests proceeded to the diring-hall, where luncheon was served.

Among the clergy present were Dean McKenna, the Rev. Sylvester Malone, the Rev. Dr. Keane, the Rev. F. Murphy S. J. and the Rev. Messrs, J. Talbot Smita, T. Macmillan, James H. McGean, Keogan, Dougherty, Tone, Cullom and Campbell, Manhattan College is under the direction of the Brothers of the Christian Schools.

DEMANDS THE LIVES OF TEN MEN. City of Mexico, Oct., 17.- The Public Prosecutor has demanded the sentence of death on ten people concerned in the murder of Anulfo Arroyo, them Inspector of Police Villavicencio and Miguel Cabrers, who was an assistant inspector of diver. Public opinion sustains the prosecuting oer in his demand that capital punishment be inflicted on these men.

MADAME SANS GENE" TO BE CONTINUED. The production of "Madame Sans Gene" in German at the Irving Place Theatre has met with man at the Irving Place Theatre has met with great success, and the play will be kept on for the rest of the week. The appearance of Mr. Contried in "The Person at Kirchiela" has therefore been postponed. Rehearshis for "Die Lachtaune," in which the new come opera star. Mme Julie Kopacay, will make her first appearance, have been begun.

Is yours a Stomach Cough? Dr. D. Jayne's Expectorant will cure that. Get it from your Drug-

OX FIELD On Thursday, October 14, 1897, at the feecod Reformed Church, Somerville, N. J., by the Rev. E. G. Read, D. D., Frances Field to William Cox.

Notices of marriages and deaths must be in dorsed with full name and address. DIED.

BALDOLINE On October 16, Lulu E., wife of John F. Standonine. Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence. No. 318 West Seventy second at Monday October 18, at 11 o'clock a. m. Interment at the convenience of the family. Interment at the convenience of the family.

BOYD—On Friday evening, October 15, 1897, Sara Anna, wife of John Scott Boyd, and daughter of the late Lyman Root, of Albany, N. Y.

Funeral services at her residence, No. 28 West 38th-st., Monday afternoon, 18th inst., at 4 o'clock, Albany papers please cop.

COLBY—On Friday evening, October 15, 1897, Professor Charles Edwards Colby, of Columbia University, Funeral services in the 5th-see, and 48th-st., Collegiate Church, Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Interment in Lawrence, Mass.

CORTIS—On Saturday, October 16, Lanc.

nterment in Lawrence, Mass. ORTIS On Saturday, October 16, Jane A., the wife of Samuel S. Cortis. Samuel Service at No. 126 West 70th-st., Tuesday, 13

m. ment at convenience of family. DANA-On Sunday, at West Island, Dosorts, Charles Anderson Dana, in the 70th year of his age. Puneral will be at Glen Covo on Wednesday at 11:15

a. 10. Priorits of the family will find a special train at Long Island City, leaving at 10 a. m. Island Ch.,

DE FONTAINE Mrs. Felix G., suddenly, at Englawood,
N. J., on Saturday, October 16.

Interment, Columbia, S. C.,

Charleston and Celumbia papers please copy.

DOUGHERTY On Friday evening October 15, of dipatheria, Jessie Ruth Dougherty, youngest child of Horace N, and Jessie Mooney Dougherty, aged 3 years, 11 months and 20 days.

Funeral private.

W. M. PRICHARD.

William M. Prichard died at fits home. No. 150
West Fifty-ninth-st., yesterday afternoon. He was
in his eighty-third year, and had been alling for
some time, though he was not taken seriously ill
Tuesday, October 19, at 3 o'clock.

DIED.

MAINS—Or Sunday morning, October 17th, at his I residence. No. 74 West 11sth-st., William L. Mains, the 45th year of his age.
Notice of funeral hereafter.

PRICHARD—At his residence, No. 150 West 59th-st., Sunday afternoon, October 17, William M. Frienard, in the Sid year of his age.
Notice of funeral hereafter.

RICHARDS—On Saturday, October 16, Adrian Georga, eldest son of Auguste and Margaret H. Richard, at his late residence, Nutley, N. J. Funeral private, on Tuesday morning, 10:50 o'clock, Piense omit flowers.

Please omit flowers.

SHERMAN—on Friday, October 15, 1897, at Stratford, Coon. Anna Amelia Barnham Sherman, widow of Henry Sherman, of Washington, D. C. and daughter of the late Michael Burnham, of New-York City.

Fluoral services at St. Mark's Church, 10th-st. and the Bowery, at 10:30 a. m. Tuesday.

Interment at Washington.

SKIDMORE—At Greenwich, Coun., on Saturday, October 16, William L. Skidmore, not of the late Jeremiah Skidmore, in the 76th year of his age.

Reintives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, corner 55th-st., on Tuesday marning, 19th inst., at 10:38 o'clock.

ber 19. at 3 o'clock. Train leaves Chambers st. at 1:40 p. m. and Cortlandt-st. at 2:29 p. m.

Train leaves training at 229 p. m.

ThoMPSON—In the city of Mexico, October 15, William Neely Thompson, agel 78.
San Francisco paperer please copy.
WINGATE—On Sunday, Octobe, 15, at her residence, No. 522 Decatur-st., Brooklyn, Mary P., wife of Charles Wingate, in her eighty-secenth year.
Funeral private Please omit flowers.
Funeral private Please omit flowers.

America, President Low's administrative policy has made and is making it possible to accomplish this."

WRIGHT—AR Greenwich, Conn. Abigail R., wife of Bonjamin Wright, aged 55 years.

Funeral services from the residence of her father, the late Colonel Thomas A. Mead, on Monday at 3:30.

Carriages will meet the train leaving Grand Central Depot at 2 o'clock.

Woodlawn Cemetery. Office, No. 20 E. 23d-st. Woodlawn Station (24th Ward), Harlem Rallroad.

### Special Notices.

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to leave divertisements and subscriptions.

A.—A.—Highest award for Artificial Teeth at World's Fair, also three metals American Institute, were granted DR. DEANE, Dentilet, 454 Lexington av., corner 48th; expression of mouth restored; specialty, Artificial Teeth. Carpets and rugs cleaned, all grades, 5c, per yard. Carpets altered and Inid as short notice. MORGANS, Broadway and 47th at. Telephone 2.130—38th.

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## Postoffice Notice.

Postoffice Notice.

(Should be read DAILY by all interested, as changes may occur at any time.)

Foreign mails for the week ending October 23, 1807, will close opromptly in all cases) at the General Postoffice as follows: Parcels Post Mails close one hour earlier than closing time shown below:

TUESDAY—At 7 a. m. for Europe, per s. s. \*Laha, via Southampton and Bremen.

WEDNESDAY—At 7 a. m. for Europe, per s. s. \*Paris, via Southampton; at 9 a. m. supplementary 10:30 a. m. for Europe, per s. s. \*Paris, via Southampton; at 9 a. m. supplementary 10:30 a. m. for Europe, per s. s. \*Normannia, via Psymouth, cherbourg and Hamburg; at 8 a. m. for Elizand Hamburg; at 8 a. m. for Notherlands disect, per s. s. Obdam, via Rotterdam Getlers must be directed "per Codam").

Anticological Profuscal, Turkey, Egypt and British India, per s. s. "Hand, via Hamburg; at 6 a. m. for Notherlands disect, per s. s. Obdam, via Rotterdam Getlers must be directed "per Obdam").

Anticological Profuscal, Turkey, Egypt and British India, per s. s. "Hand, via Hawar at 6:30 a. m. for Germany, Denmark, Sweden, Norway (Christiania) and Rossin, per s. s. "Hand, via Bremen detters for other pures of Europe, via Cherbourg, must be directed "per Havel"; at 8 a. m. for Genoa, per s. s. Werra dietters must be directed "per Auchoria, via Glasgow detters must be directed "per Auchoria, via

\*PRINTED MATTER, ETC —German steamers sailing on Tuesdays take Printed Matter, etc., for Germany, and specially Addressed Printed Matter, etc., for other parts of Europe. American and Write Star steamers of Mydnesdays, German steamers on Thursdays, and Cunard, French and German steamers on Saturdays take Printed Matter, etc., for all countries for which they are advertised to carry mail.

Primied Matter, etc., for all countries for which they are advertised to carry mail.

After the clusing of the Supplementary Transatiantic Mails named above additional supplementary mails are opened on the observed of the American, English, French and German steamers, and remain open until within Ten Minutes of the hour of sailing of steamer. Ten Minutes of the hour of sailing of steamer. The Minutes of the hour of sailing of steamer. The Minutes of the hour of sailing of steamer. The Minutes of the hour of sailing of steamer. The Minutes of the hour of sailing of steamer. The Minutes of the hour of sailing of steamer. The Minutes of the hour of the large countries direct, per s. a. Bellenden, at 13 p. m. for Relize, Puerto Cortes and Guacemain, per steamer from New-Orleans.

WEDNESDAY—At 2:30 a. m. for Port Antonio, per steamer from Philadelphia: at 13 p. m. for Costa Rica, per steamer from Philadelphia: at 7:30 a. m. for Brazil and La. Plata countries, per s. a. Calibeo, via Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio Janeiro dictiers for North Brazil must be directed 'per Caliboo' in 10 a. m. (supplementary 11 a. m., for Central arer s. a. Advance, via Colon (letters for Guatemails must be directed 'per Alamee'); at 1 a. m. for Processo, per s. s. Panama detters for other parts of Monor must be directed 'per Panama'); at 1 p. m. for Chas, per s. s. Seneca, via Havana; st 11 a. m. for Processo, per s. s. Panama detters for other parts of Newson must be directed 'per Panama'); at 1 p. m. for Chas, per s. s. Reneca, via Havana; st p. m. for Port Antonio, per steamer from Boston, PhURSDAY—At 10:30 s. m. for Haitt, Cumana and Carupano, per s. s. Prins Maurits detters for other parts of Venezuea, Curacao, Triallad, British and Dutch Guiana must be directed 'per Panama'; at 1 p. m. (supplementary 1:30 p. m.) for Janalea, per s. s. Advandadiu'; at 1 p. m. (supplementary 1:30 p. m.) for Janalea, per s. s. Advandadiu'; at 1 p. m. (supplementary 1:30 p. m.) for Janalea, per s. s. Advandadiu'; at 1 p. m. (supplementary 1:30 p. m.) for Ja

Cape Haiti, St. Domingo and Turks Island, per s. a. Cherokee.

St. Thomas. St. Croix, Leeward and Windward Islands, per s. e. Peterial eletters for Granda. Trinidad and Tobayo must be directed "per Pretoria"; at 10 a. m. esupplementary 10:30 a. m. for Fortune Island, Jamaica and Savanilla, per s. s. Adrondack detters for Costa Rica must be directed "per Adirondack";) at 10 a. m. esupplementary 10:30 s. m., for Haiti and Santa Martha, per s. s. Helstein, at 10:30 a. m. for Campethe, Chiapas. Tabasco and Yucatan, per s. e. Origaba detters for other parts of Mexico and for Curamust be directed "per Drizaba"; at 11 a. m. for Newfoundland, per s. s. Portial at 11 a. m. tsupplementary 11:30 a. m. for Venezuela and Curacao, also Savanilla and Cutagens, via curacao, per s. s. Philadelpha: at 12 m. for Brazil, per s. balecarila, via Pernanducco and Victoria dettere for North Brazil must be directed "per Dalecarila"); at 12 m. for Grenada, Trinidad and Toboxo, per s. s. Irawaddy.

Matts for Newfoundiand, by rati to Halifax, and thence

Toboxo, per s. s. Irrawaidy.

Mails for Newfoundland, by rail to Halifax, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8:50 p. m. Mails for Miouelon, by rail to Boston, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8:30 p. m. Mails for Guba close at this office daily at 7 a. m. for forwarding by steamers railing (Mondays and Thursayer from Pert Tamoa, Fis. Letter mails for Mexico City, overland, unless specially addressed for dispatch by steamer, close at this office daily at 12 m.; paper mails at 6 a. m. \*Registered mail closes at 6 p. m. previous

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.